

Production of colloidal lignin particles from biorefinery lignins and application for stabilization of Pickering emulsions

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Introduction

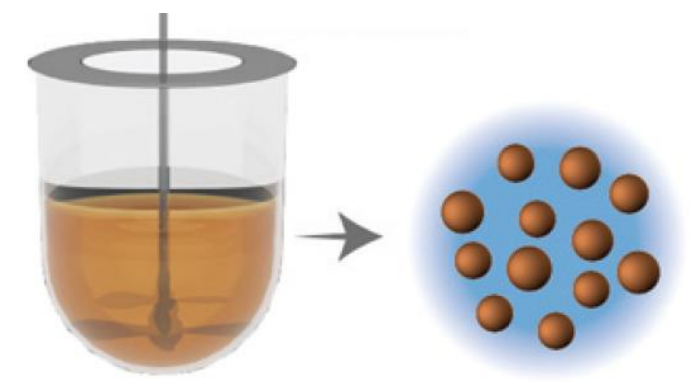
Lignin

Second most abundant biopolymer in nature → An important raw material for future biobased chemicals and materials.

Complex structure → Full utilization of the widely available technical lignins streams from biomass processing remains a challenge.

Colloidal lignin particles (CLPs)

- ✓ Spherical lignin particles in colloiddally stable aqueous dispersions can be produced by solvent shifting: lignin is dissolved in an (aqueous) organic solvent and precipitated in an antisolvent (typically water) ¹.
- ✓ The capacity of CLPs of acting as stabilizers for Pickering emulsions has been demonstrated for various lignins ²⁻⁴.



The production of CLPs is a possible route for technical lignin valorization towards novel biomaterials with tailored properties.

Approach

Technical lignins

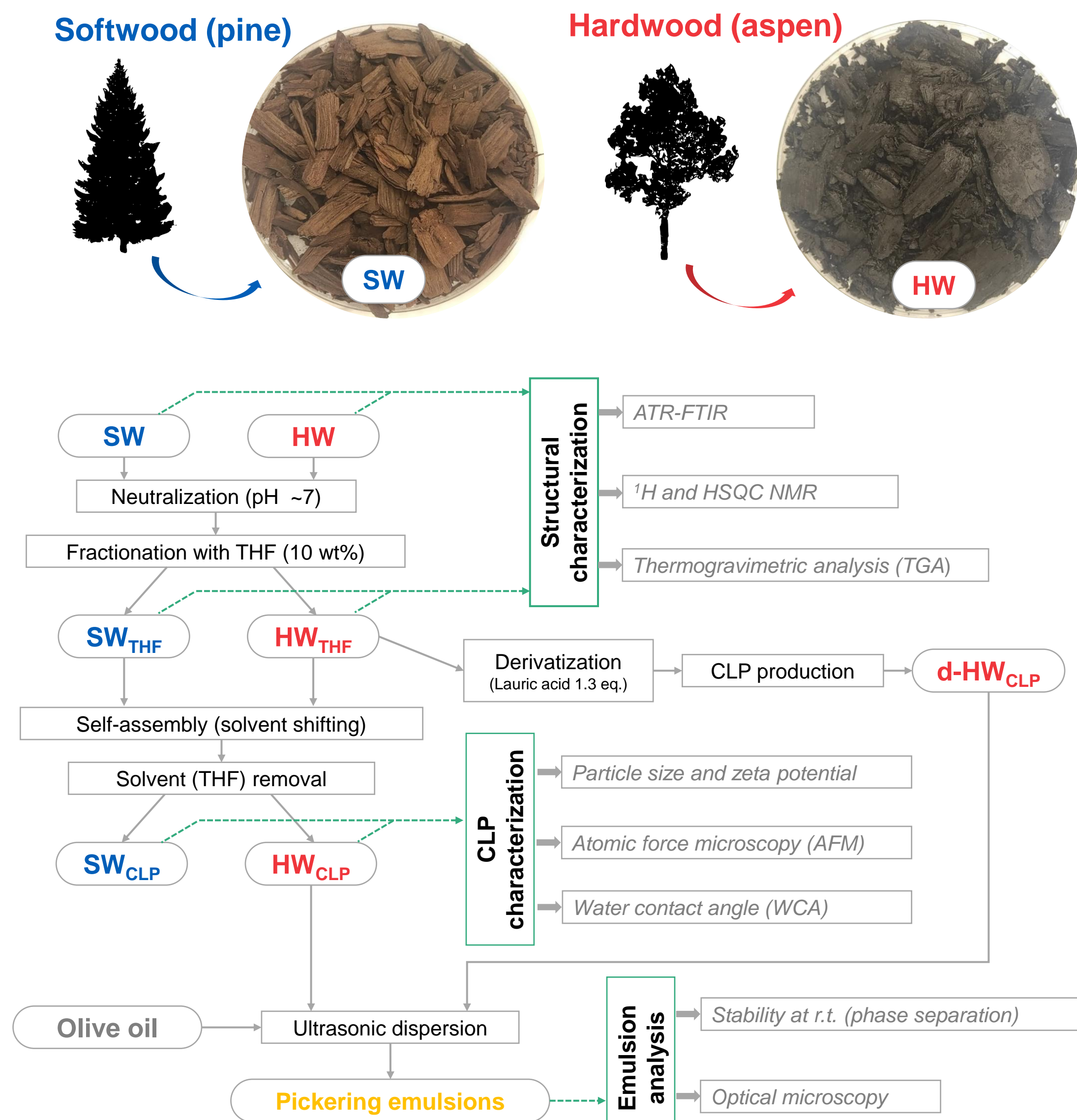
- ✓ **Structural characterization** to assess potential routes for CLPs production and modification for further applications.
- ✓ **Production of nanoparticles** with tailored properties for targeted applications.
- ✓ **Chemical derivatization** to enhance behavior in applications.
- ✓ **Application** of the unmodified and modified CLPs for stabilizing Pickering emulsions.

Method

Technical lignins from acid hydrolysis in a biorefining plant

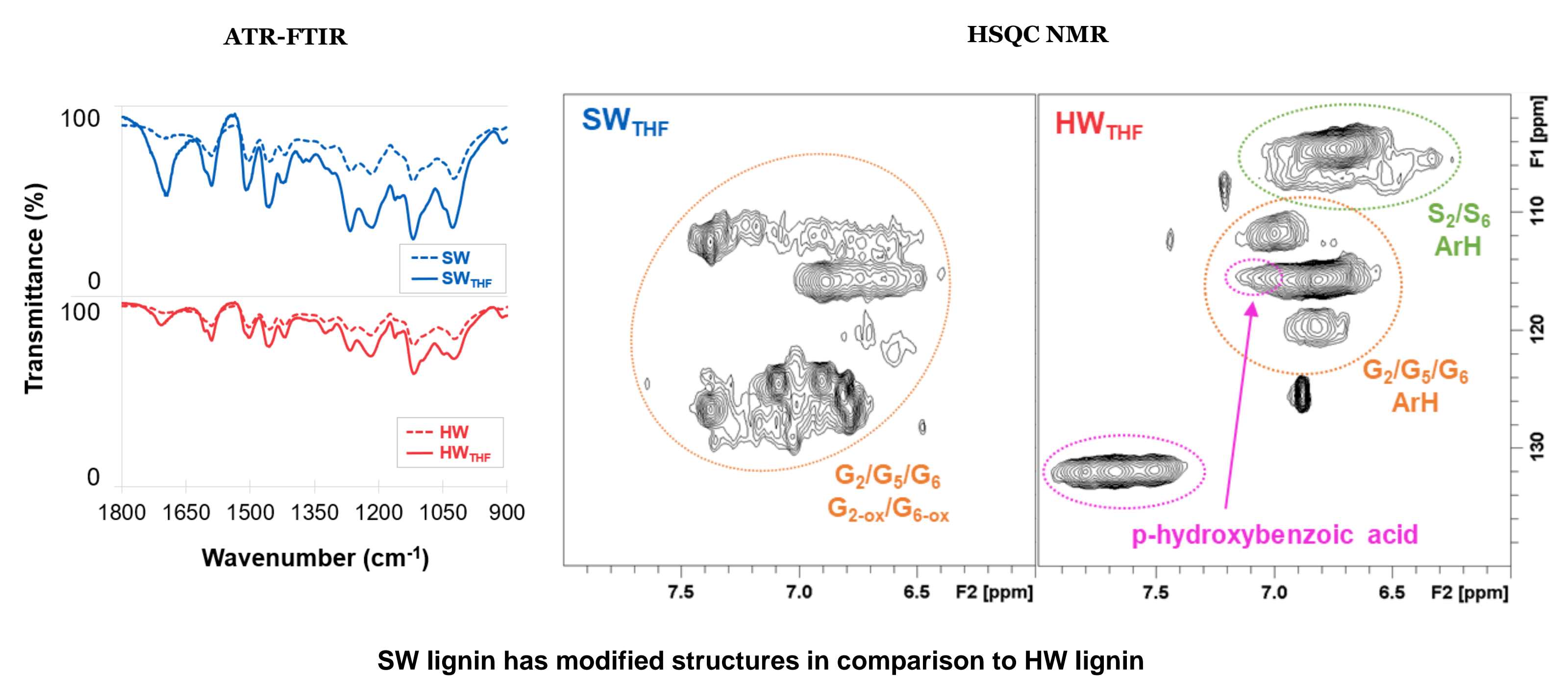
Softwood (pine)

Hardwood (aspen)



Results

Structural characterization of biorefinery lignins

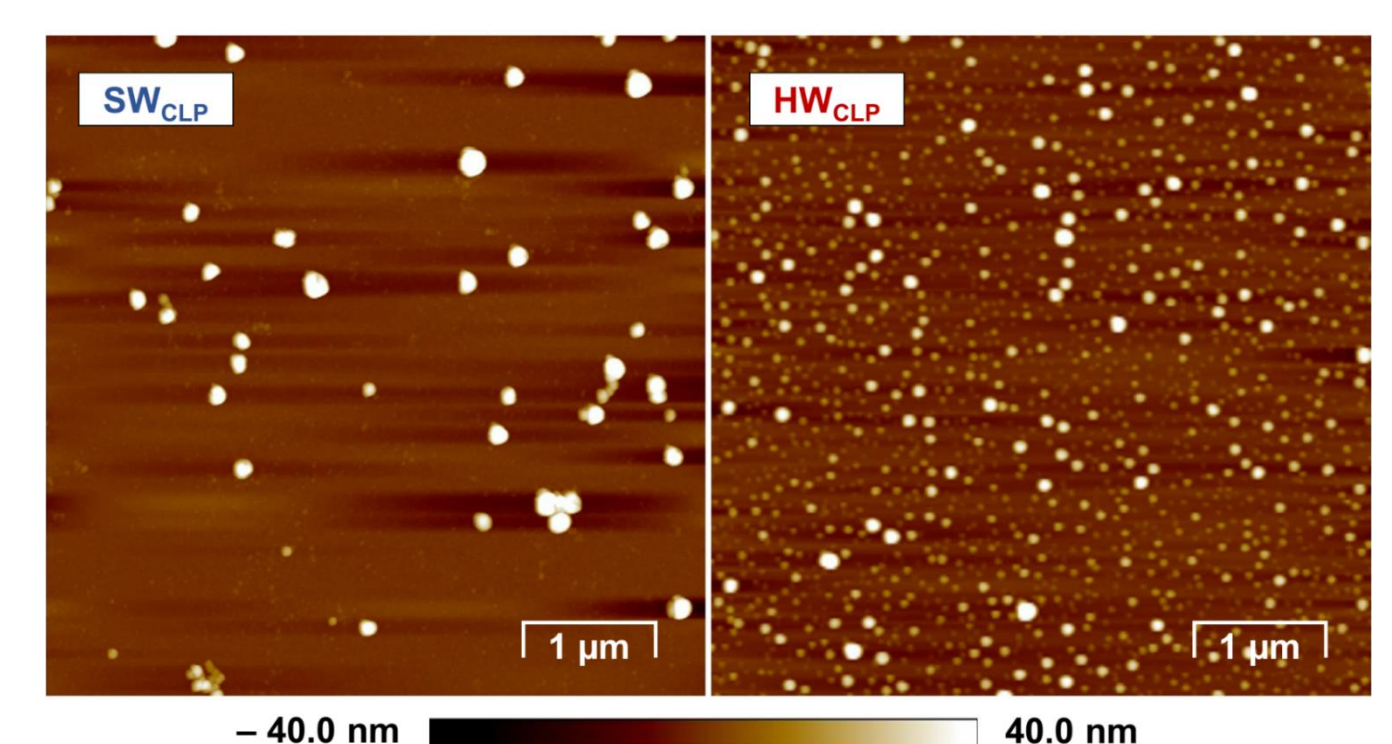


Production and characterization of colloidal lignin nanoparticles (CLP)

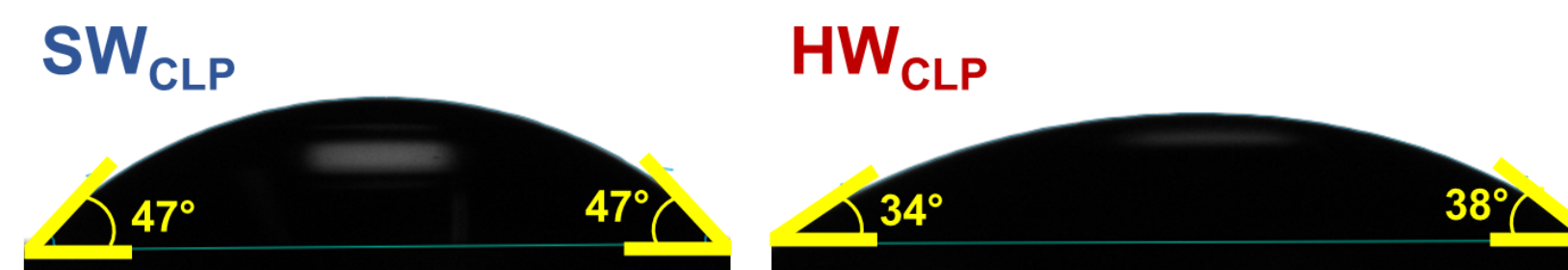
Particle morphology

Parameter	SW _{CLP}	HW _{CLP}
Average particle size (nm)	97	69
PDI	0.2	0.2
Zeta potential (mV)	-25	-34

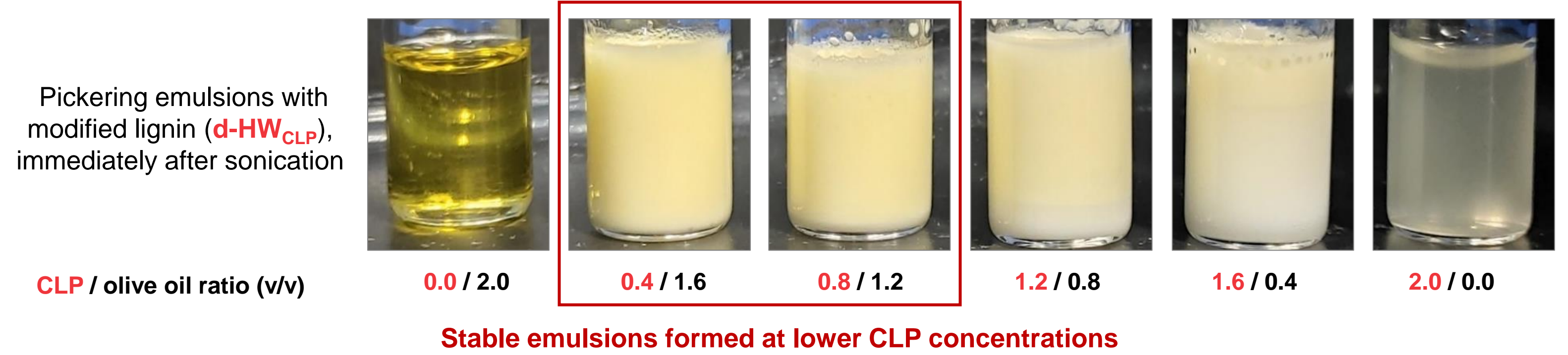
AFM imaging



Water contact angle



Application of CLPs for stabilization of Pickering emulsions



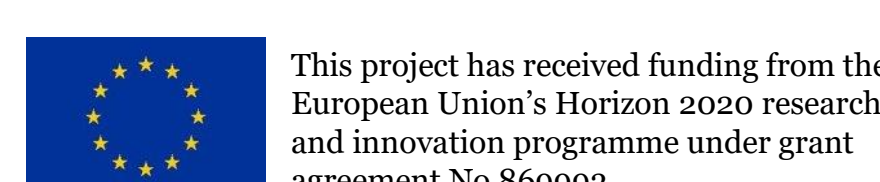
Conclusion

- Acid hydrolysis lignins from biorefineries can be efficiently converted into nanoparticles with tailored properties;
- Derivatization of lignin improves capacity of CLPs of stabilizing Pickering emulsions with olive oil;
- CLPs with tunable properties allows the development of new materials with targeted applications that can efficiently respond to specific needs for biobased materials.

References

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Acknowledgments



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