

# INDUSTRIAL COOPERATION ON REGULATION & STANDARDISATION

## HARMONI PROJECT

Harmonized assessment of regulatory bottlenecks and standardisation needs for the process industry

#### **OBJECTIVES**

To set up an effective collaboration of all the relevant stakeholders of the process industry in the field of regulation, standardisation and other non-technological barriers.

To bring together experts with a wide range of profiles involved in the day by day life of the production sites.

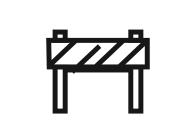
To boost the **deployment of technical solutions** towards a more sustainable and competitive European process industry through more adapted regulation measures and good practices.



REGULATORY BOTTLENECKS

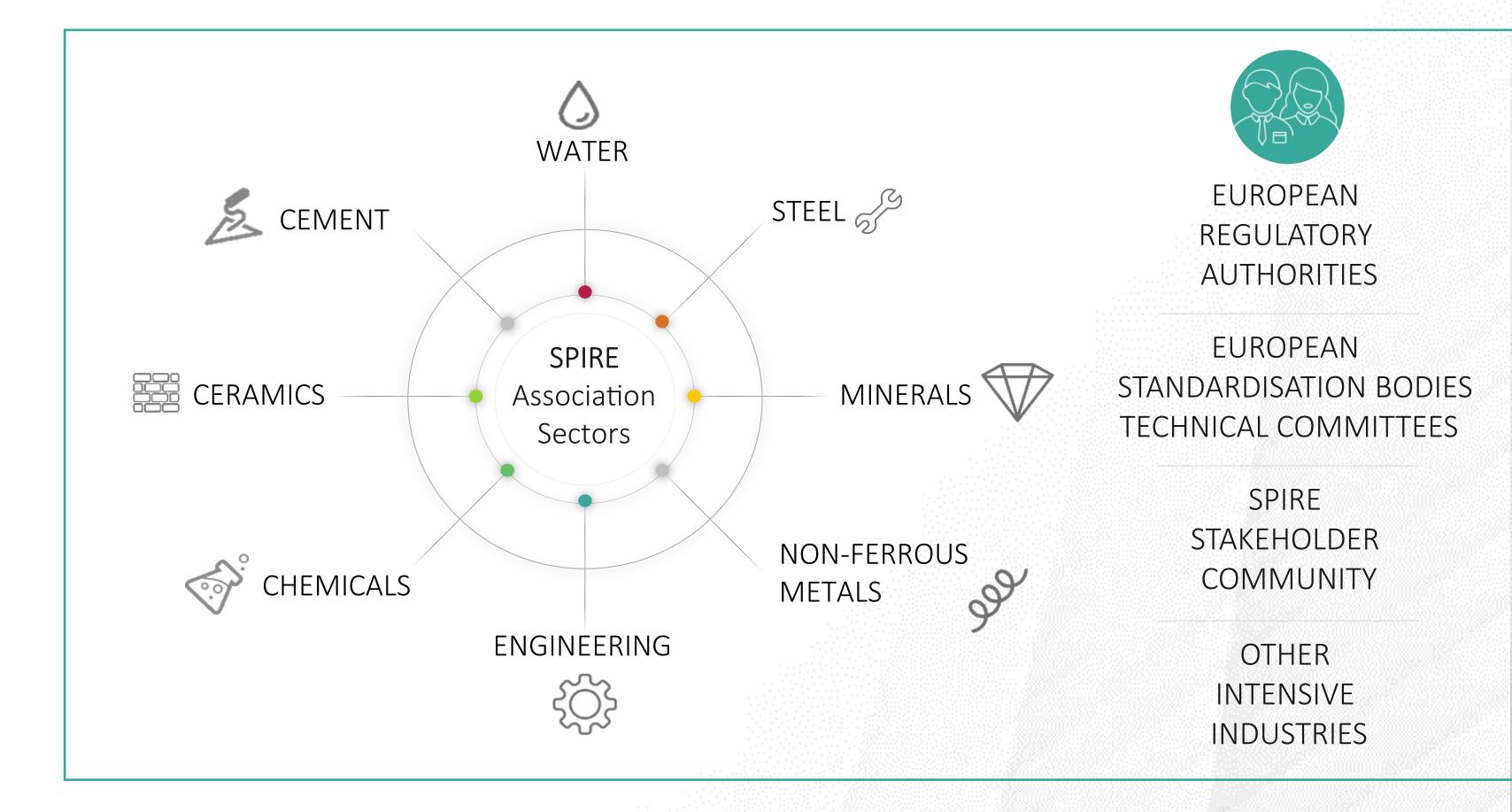


STANDARDISATION NEEDS



NON-TECHNOLOGICAL BARRIERS

## SECTORS & AUDIENCE TARGETED



## **CHALLENGES**

#### COMMUNICATION

Lack of communication between industries & sectors

Industries using their own protocols and standards

Increase of involvement in all stages of regulatory and standardisation procedures

#### TRANSFERABILITY

Business models

Market uptake of innovative technologies

Lack of awareness

#### POLICIES

Standardisation needs

Problems with the transposition of EU directives

From the lack of EU regulation to the overregulated fields

## MAIN OUTPUTS

List of regulatory & standardisation bottlenecks

List of areas with high transferability potential across SPIRE sectors

Characterisation of participation of process industry in EU legislative and regulatory process & standardisation cycle

Recommendations for removing existing regulatory bottlenecks to innovation

Suggestions for an optimal participation of the PI in EU standardisation process

Examples of solutions transferred across sectors

Recommendations for addressing standardisation needs for innovation

Transferability toolkit & list of barriers to transferability of innovative solutions

SPIRE Knowledge Platform & STAIR Platform for Process Industry

2

5

4

7

## MAIN PRIORITY AREAS

New standardisation methodologies that facilitate continuous production

Reuse of different grades of wastewater for industrial purposes

Reuse of different types of waste as feed for industrial production and/or energy sources

Recovery of valuable materials, metals and minerals from waste

LCA methodologies to allow a harmonised comparison between industries and sectors

Production of advanced renewable fuels from the use of CO2 as feedstock

General harmonisation of the European Waste, Water and Energy policies

Eliminating bottlenecks for the transferability of new technologies across European borders

Eliminating bottlenecks that prevent the stimulation of investments in new technologies

























