

Bipolar electro dialysis for purification of fermentation-based products

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Motivation

- Raw-material and energy efficiency in downstream processing (DSP) of fermentation-based products
- Objective:** Evaluating bipolar electro dialysis (ED) as one promising technology in hybrid processes
- Exemplary system: γ -amino butyric acid

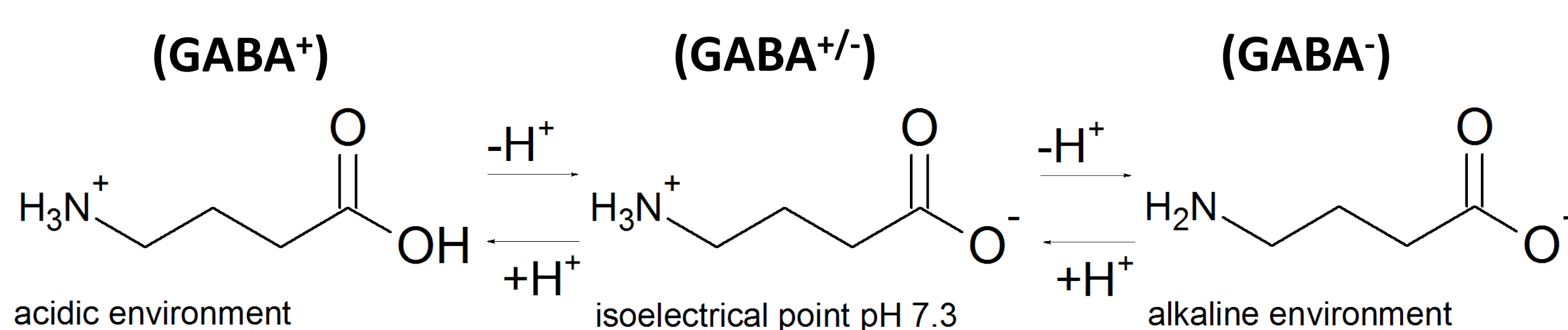


Fig. 1: Charge of GABA as function of pH value.

Bipolar electro dialysis in DSP

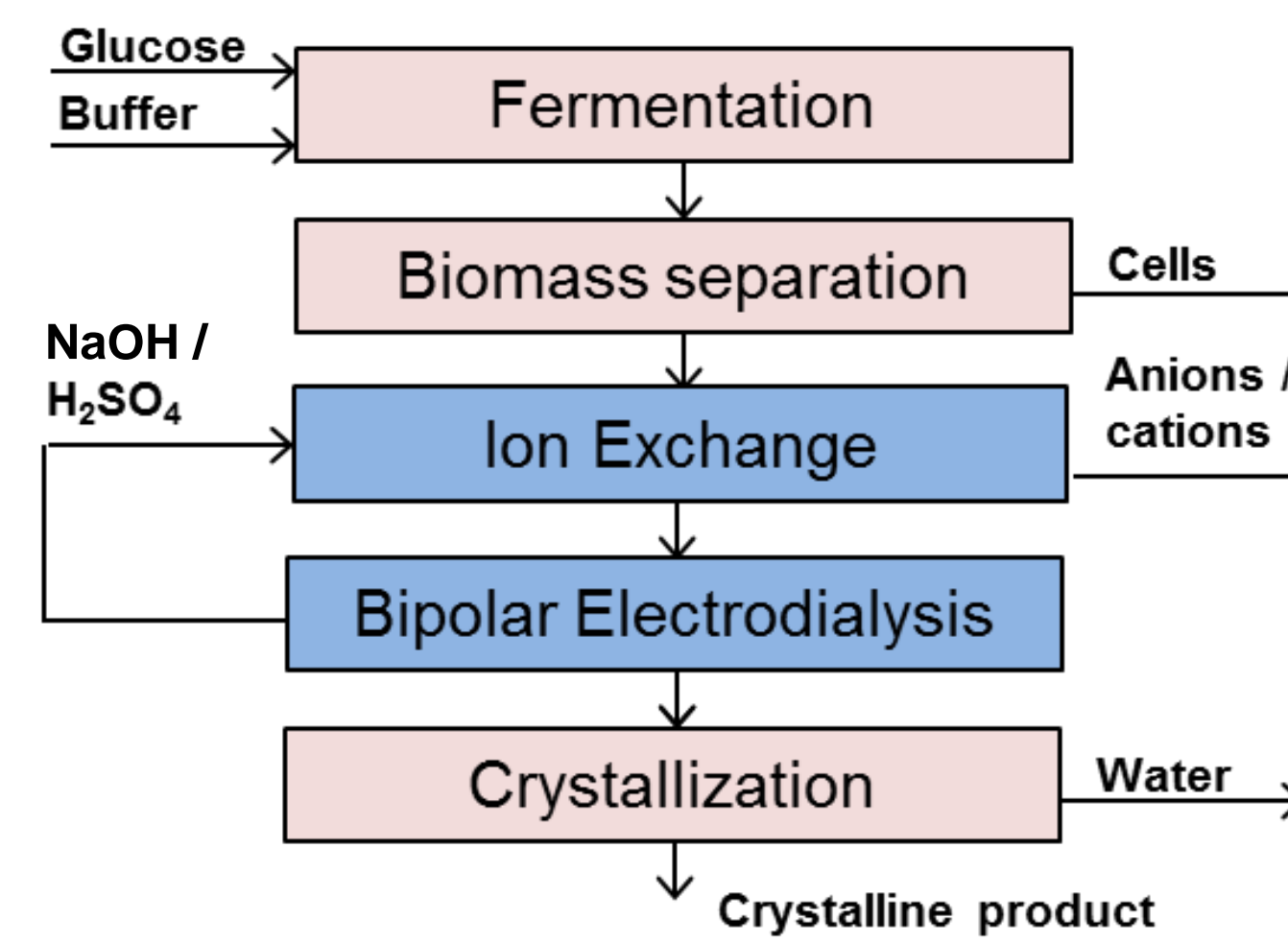


Fig. 2: Flowsheet integrating bipolar ED and Ion Exchange.

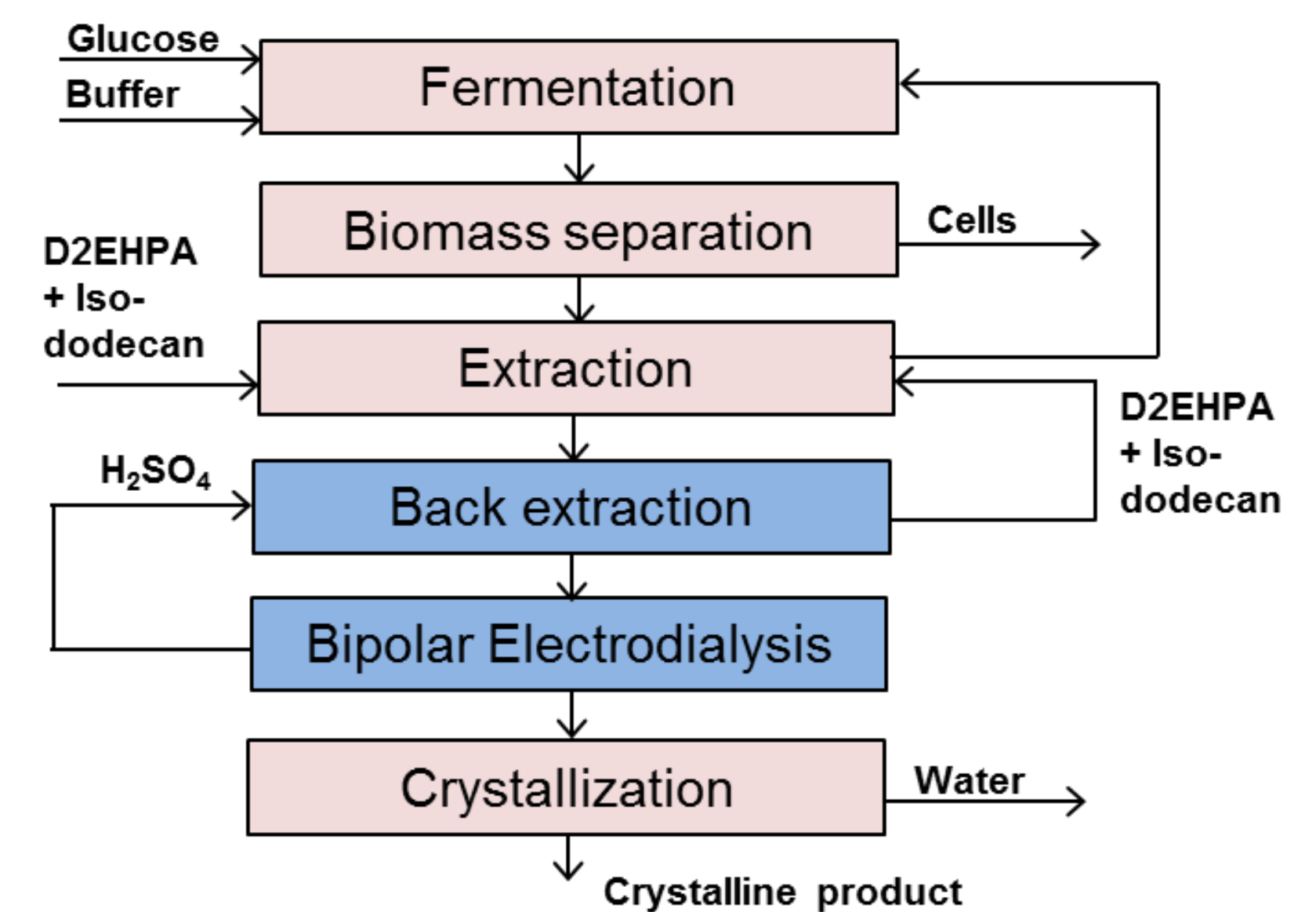


Fig. 3: Flowsheet integrating bipolar ED and extraction.

Experimental setups

- Two-loop batch arrangement on 5 litre scale
- Inline measurement of membrane resistances using platinum wires (**BPM**, **CEM**, **AEM**)
- Two functions of bipolar ED
 - Desalination** of ionic GABA by removing ions through anion exchange membranes (**AEM**) or cation exchange membranes (**CEM**)
 - Caustic / acid generation** using bipolar membranes (**BPM**) depending on configuration [Fig. 4 / Fig. 5]

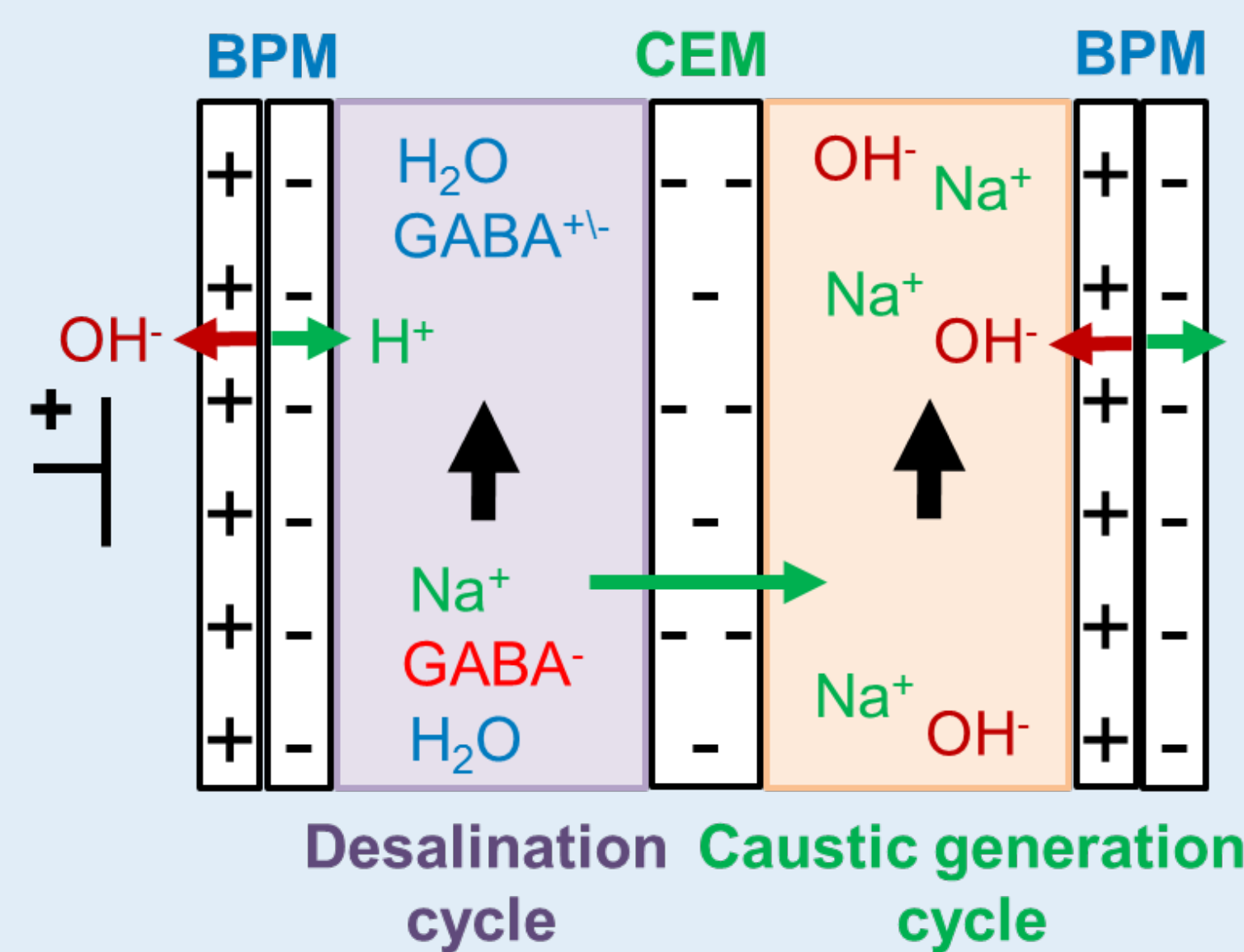


Fig. 4: Configuration 1 consisting of BPM and CEM ("caustic stack").

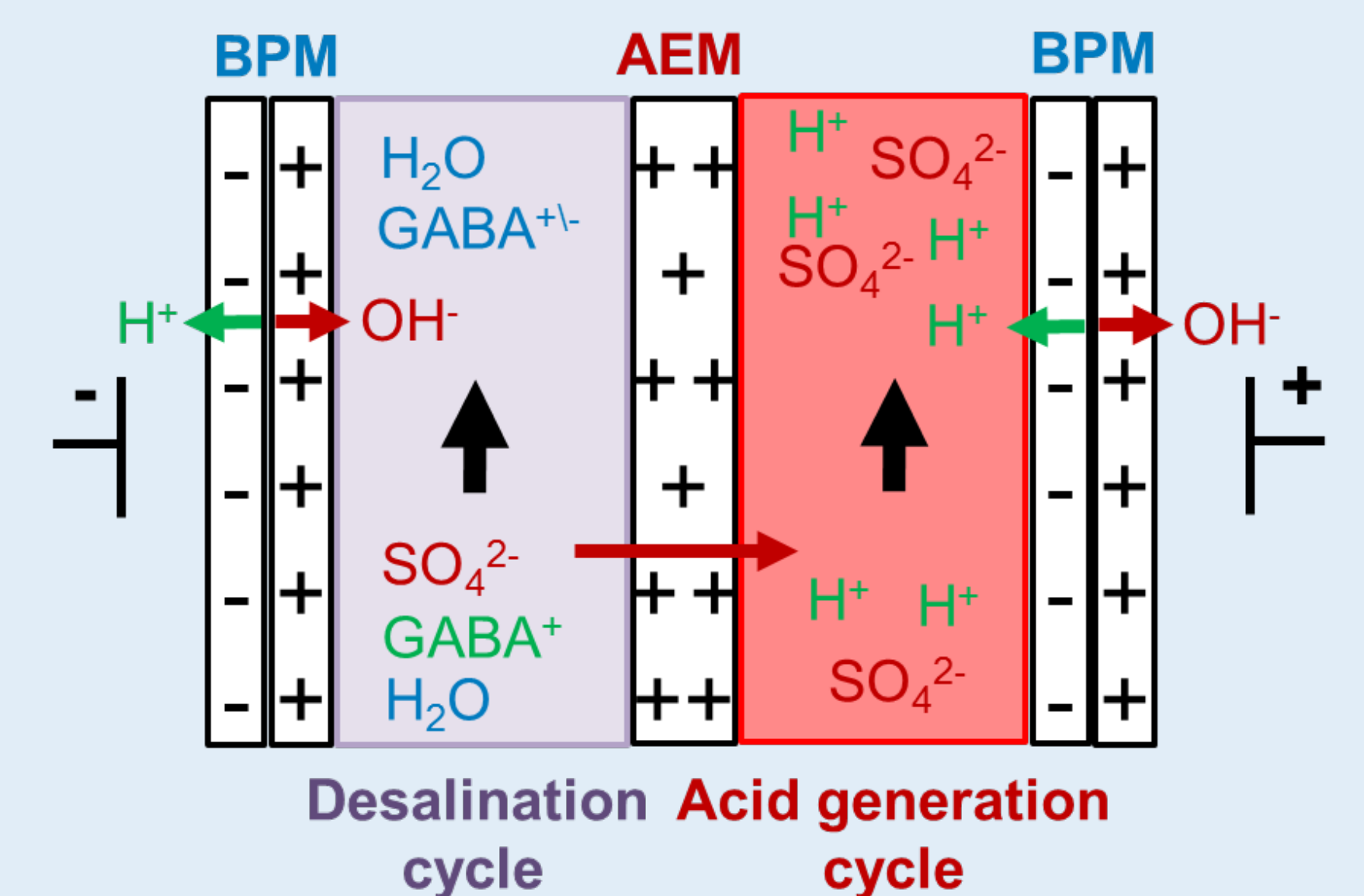


Fig. 5: Configuration 2 consisting of BPM and AEM ("acid stack").

Experimental results

- Spec. energy consumption lower in "caustic stack" config. (0.5-0.8 kWh/kg GABA) [Fig. 6]
- Drop in current efficiency observed in reference experiments in "acid stack" over time, most likely due to blockage of the **AEM** by GABA [Fig. 7]
- Regeneration of "acid stack" by NaOH [Fig. 7]
- Reversible sorption of GABA into BPM observed by analyzing resistance [Fig. 8]

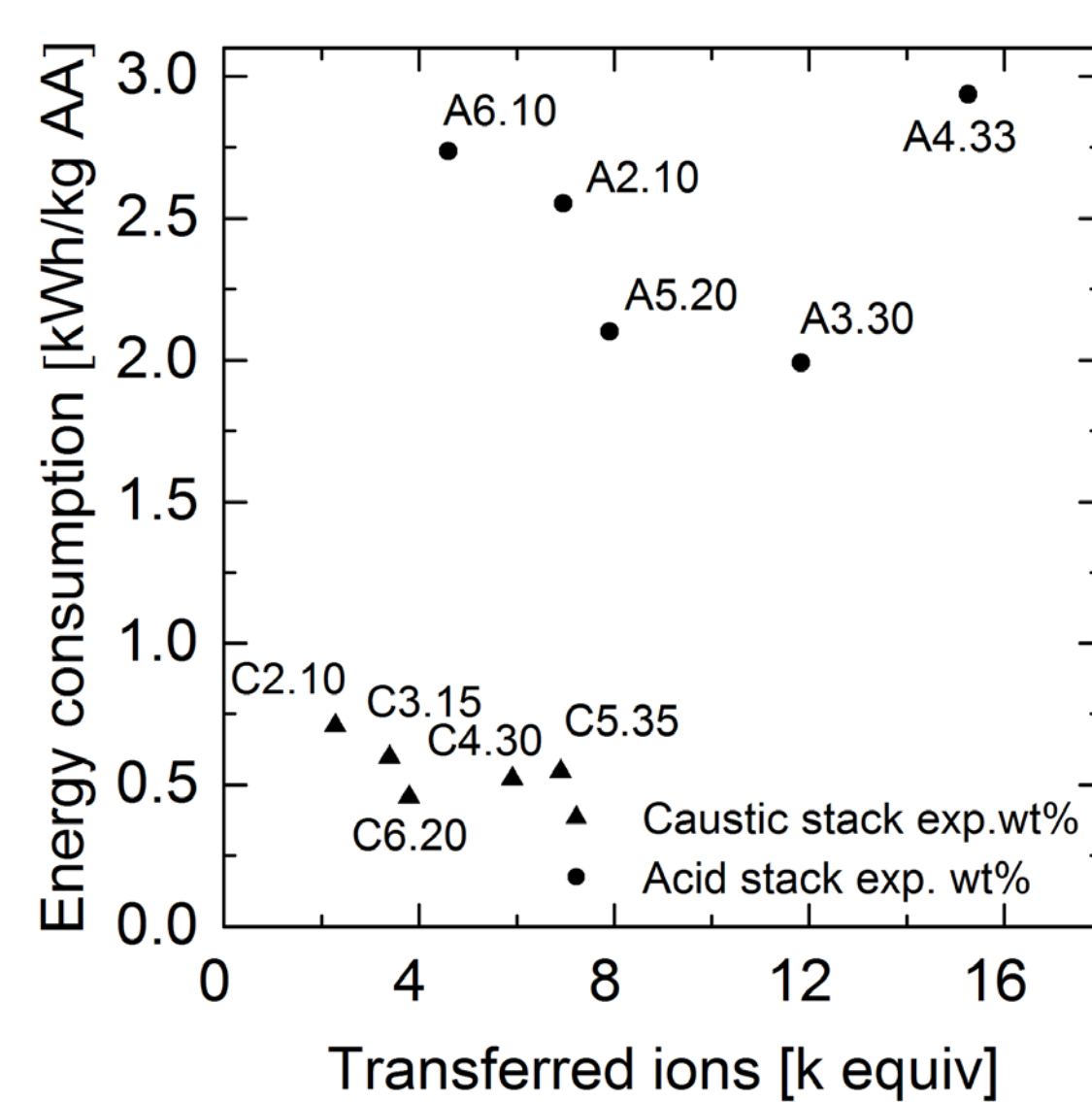


Fig. 6: Spec. energy consumptions in GABA desalination experiments.

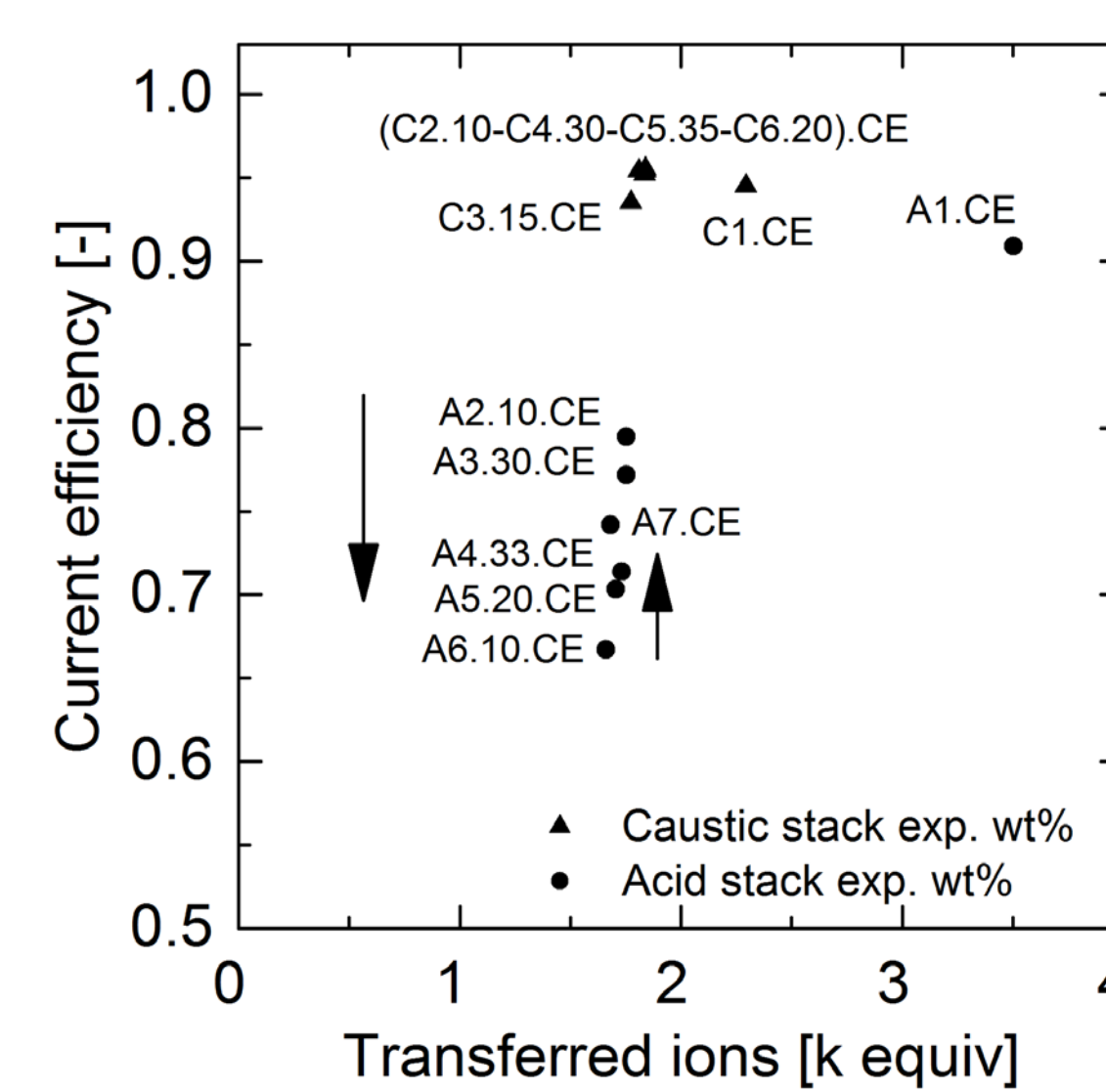


Fig. 7: Current efficiencies in reference experiments (NaOH or H₂SO₄).

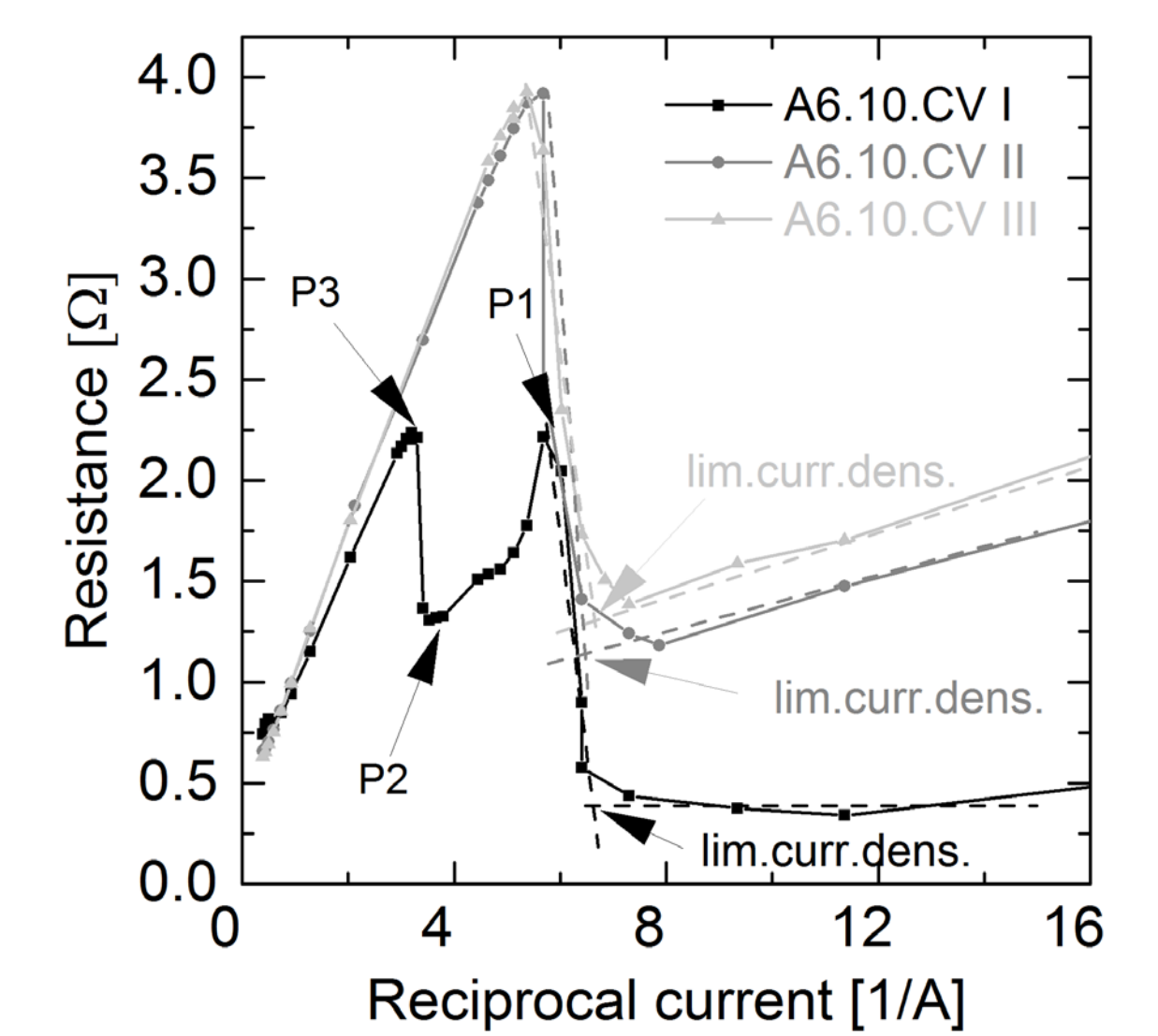
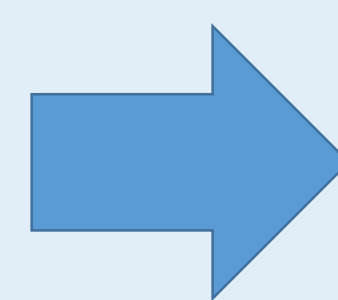


Fig. 8: Current-resist. curves of BPM in subseq. tests (I-III) after GABA run.

Summary and Outlook

- Method for detailed analysis of membrane resistances in stack operation mode using platinum wires developed
- Combination of bipolar ED and IEX using NaOH recirculation most promising



- Runs with original fermentation broth (effect of impurities)
- Hybrid system will be run in continuous operation (SMB and bipolar ED) @ BASF in cooperation with Xendo
- Main challenge: Enrichment of impurities in continuous run

PRODIAS CONSORTIUM



ABOUT THE PROJECT

- Start date: 1st January 2015
- Duration 48 Months, until 31st December 2018
- Budget: 14 million €
- Project web site: www.spire2030.eu/prodias/



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